
Who Makes Policy in Health Care?

A Fistful of Dollars and a Few Dollars More

by Mike McLaughlin and Ellen Breslin

North Carolinians spend more on health care every year, and so does their government. In the tables that accompany this article, the Center lists state government programs that have health care as a primary focus. The tables include information on where programs are located in state government—the department, agency, and so on; what each program attempts to do; its authorization in state law; and the amount of money spent on the program, including local, state, federal, and other dollars such as foundation grants. The dollars are totaled to arrive at an estimate of how much government money is spent on health programs in North Carolina. The answer? More than \$3.6 billion.

How much government money is spent on health care in North Carolina every year? A lot. More, in fact, than the Gross National Product of some Third World countries.

To find out just how much, the North Carolina Center for Public Policy Research contacted agencies throughout state government in the summer of 1991 and asked them for program descriptions, authorizations, and spending totals for the 1990–1991 fiscal year—July 1, 1990, through June 30, 1991. When spending for all of these programs was lumped together, the result was an eye-popping \$3.63 billion—this without

even considering Medicare, the federal program that provides health care coverage for citizens over 65.

Of that amount, the *state* spent at least \$1.19 billion, while the *federal* government spent at least \$1.52 billion.¹ The remaining \$914 million is made up of *local* spending and *other* revenue sources such as foundation grants.²

The Center found 163 programs with health care as their central focus, as well as 40 boards and commissions with authority to make rules, set policy, and otherwise offer guidance on a range of health care issues. Most of these programs are lodged in the Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources, or the Department of Human Resources, although the departments of Agriculture, Public Education, and Labor also have a number of entries. And no single agency has

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overall responsibility for coordinating all these efforts or formulating state policy on health care.

Health programs operating in North Carolina can be divided into four broad areas: (1) programs serving special populations; (2) programs addressing certain diseases; (3) environmental and occupational health and safety programs; and (4) health care policy, regulation, and planning programs.³

Programs Serving Special Populations

Health care programs serving special populations comprise programs for adults, the elderly, children and adolescents, women, migrant workers, and the disabled (See Section I, Tables I–VI, pp. 50–69). *Medicaid*, at more than \$1.85

billion, accounted for the bulk of spending in these areas. The program pays for medical care for financially needy aged, blind, and disabled citizens, as well as for poor pregnant women and children and Aid to Families with Dependent Children recipients.

Among other major programs are Child and Adult Mental Health Services at a total cost of more than \$113.67 million and the state's four psychiatric hospitals in Butner, Goldsboro, Morganton, and Raleigh, which had a budget of more than \$167 million after subtracting Medicaid spending.

Excluding the federal *Medicare* program and spending for the elderly through *Medicaid*, the most expensive program for the elderly is the



Wake Medical Center

North Carolina Special Care Center in Wilson. The center provides nursing home care for patients referred from the state's psychiatric hospitals at a cost of more than \$9 million annually. In fiscal year 1990-91, the center served 226 people, two-thirds of whom were 65 or older. The next most expensive program provides transportation to medical care for elderly citizens at a cost of some \$638,400.

At least 31 programs operating in the state provide services exclusively for *children and adolescents*. Among these are four programs providing and promoting good dental care at a cost of almost \$4 million annually. Well over five times that amount is spent on children with special health needs. A \$10.86 million program, Children's Special Health Services, provides diagnosis and treatment of children with chronic illnesses and disabilities. An additional \$10.26 million was spent in 1990-91 for 18 developmental evaluation centers which provide clinical evaluation, treatment, and case management for children with developmental disabilities.

Services targeted to *women* include a \$10.7 million program to provide prenatal care and more than \$16 million for family planning. There is also a relatively small appropriation that generally winds up in the middle of a large controversy each year at budget time—the \$424,000 state abortion fund. Until it runs out of money, the fund pays for abortions for women who are indigent or eligible for Aid to Families with Dependent Children. The fund also was set at the same amount in fiscal year 1992. By April 15, 1992, the fund had been depleted. It is restricted to eligible minors and to women whose pregnancies are the result of rape or incest and those instances in which the woman's

"I don't know who this woman could be to this sick man, who kisses him and cannot heal him with her kiss, who looks at him and cannot heal him with her eyes, who talks to him and cannot heal him with her word."

— CÉSAR VALLEJO
"THE WINDOWS SHUDDERED"

health is impaired by pregnancy.

The most expensive of programs targeted to women is WIC, the supplemental food program for women, infants, and children at nutritional risk. The program cost \$61.9 million in 1990-91, although most of these dollars were federal.

The roughly \$4.05 million spent on health care for special populations provides various health services for *migrant workers and refugees*. Health care programs for the *disabled* include five state-operated mental retardation centers in Black Mountain, Butner, Goldsboro, Kinston, and Morganton, which cost \$179 million to operate in 1990-91 and provide education, training, and health services. There is also an \$11.2 million vocational rehabilitation program for mentally and physically disabled persons who may be able to return to work.

Programs Addressing Certain Diseases

The Center also looked at a second area, health care programs addressing certain *diseases* (see Section II, pp. 70-73). There were 14 such programs operating in North Carolina in 1990-91 at a total cost of nearly \$19 million. These include programs for cancer, renal disease, arthritis, diabetes control, tuberculosis, and a program to prevent the spread of AIDS.

A third grouping of health care programs falls under the category of *environmental and occupational safety and health* (see Section III, pp. 74-79). Most of these programs aim to prevent accidents and illness rather than to treat disease. Examples are environmental programs such as milk and shellfish sanitation and mosquito management, and occupational programs like the elevator inspection and work-place compliance programs.

The Compliance Bureau operates under the Department of Labor's Occupational Safety and Health Division, which had a budget of \$4.75 million in 1990-91. The bureau enforces occupational safety and health standards and conducts health and safety inspections of North Carolina work places, although it doesn't inspect *all* work places.

A fourth major area of health programs falls under the rubric of *policy, regulation, planning, and training* (See Section IV, pp. 80-89). Counted among these are programs as varied as pesticides control in the Department of Agriculture and nursing programs in the state's community colleges. *Data gathering agencies* also are represented, such as the State Center for Health and Environmental

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Section I: Health Care Provided to Populations

Table 1. Health Care Services for Adults

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources</i>		
	<i>Office of Local Health Services</i> <i>Local Health Departments</i>	Provide a broad range of health services at 87 local agencies, including immunizations, clinical care, inspection of food and lodging facilities, on-site wastewater disposal services, and approval of wells for drinking water.
	<i>Division of Adult Health</i> <i>Health Care Section</i> Health Care Services in the Home Demonstration Project	Provides skilled medical and related home health services to prevent unnecessary hospitalization or institutionalization.
	Home Health Program	Provides in-home health care to low-income individuals to help persons avoid lengthy stays in hospitals or institutions.
	<i>Division of Maternal and Child Health</i> <i>Women's Health Section</i> Sudden Infant Death Syndrome Grief Counseling	Provides counseling to families on the loss of an infant from crib death and other conditions; and training and information about Sudden Infant Death Syndrome.
	<i>Division of Dental Health</i> <i>Office of Dental Health Education</i> Dental Health Education for Adults	Provides dental health training to targeted adults who influence the oral health of children, such as teachers, parents, and health care providers.
<i>Department of Human Resources</i>		
	<i>Division of Medical Assistance</i> Community Alternatives Program for Disabled	Medicaid-funded program of in-home services available to eligible disabled adults at risk for skilled nursing or intermediate care facility.
	Medicaid	Pays for medical care for qualified financially needy aged, blind, and disabled citizens, as well as for pregnant poor women and children and AFDC recipients.
	Prepaid Health Plan Services	Medicaid-funded program offering prepaid health services to eligible Medicaid recipients. Allows certain families to elect HMO coverage and Medicaid will pay their HMO premium.
	<i>Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities, and Substance Abuse Services</i> <i>Mental Health Services</i>	Community-based mental health services for children & adults.
	Adult Mental Health Services (Community-based)	Provides periodic, day/night and 24-hour services through a network of 41 area mental health developmental disabilities and substance abuse authorities. Services include, but are not limited to, prevention and intervention, evaluation and assessment, outpatient, case management, day treatment,

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Key Code to Type of Program: Administration*.... A Prevention.... P Treatment.... T
**Includes general administrative, educational, training, regulatory, and other planning activities and programs.*

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1-June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
A,P,T	G.S. 153A-247	[Dollars tracked at the local level]				
A,P,T	15A NCAC 16A .0700	0.00	0.00	973.70	0.00	973.70
A,P,T	15A NCAC 16A .0200	30.93	3,431.00	0.00	0.00	3,461.93
T	G.S. 130A-124	0.00	30.21	10.04	0.00	40.25
P	G.S. 130A-366	0.00	300.00	0.00	0.00	300.00
P,T	G.S. 108A-55	1,523.10	8,631.20	20,430.60	0.00	30,584.90
		[Also included in total Medicaid spending.]				
P,T	G.S. 108A-55	91,764.60	520,027.30	1,238,564.10	0.00	1,850,356.00
P,T	G.S. 108A-55	87.50	495.60	1,169.40	0.00	1,752.50
		[Also included in total Medicaid spending.]				
P,T	G.S. 122C-101 G.S. 122C-115 G.S. 122C-116 G.S. 122C-131 G.S. 122C-141	Not Avail.	92,635.00	18,098.00	2,942.00	113,675.00
		[Total dollars for adult and child mental health services/community based.]				

Section I: Health Care Provided to Populations

Table 1. Health Care Services for Adults, *continued*

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Human Resources</i>		
		partial hospitalization, psychosocial programs, emergency services, residential and inpatient treatment. Services are available to the primary consumer as well as family members and are provided in the least restrictive setting practicable.
	Psychiatric Hospitals	Four state-operated regional psychiatric hospitals provide continuous treatment for individuals with psychiatric disorders. Hospitals offer patients intensive treatment in a hospital setting; services include, as appropriate, supportive nursing psychological services, medical diagnosis and treatment, psychotherapy, occupational therapy, and other primary and support services. Serve children and adults.
	<i>Substance Abuse Services</i>	Community-based substance abuse services for children and adults.
	Adult Substance Abuse Services (Community-based)	Provides periodic, day/night and 24-hour services through a network of 41 area mental health, developmental disabilities and substance abuse authorities. Specific services include, prevention and early intervention, screening and evaluation, screening and evaluation, intensive outpatient treatment, outpatient treatment, day treatment, halfway houses, residential treatment, and inpatient treatment.
	Alcohol & Drug Abuse Treatment Centers (ADATC)	Three state-operated alcohol and drug abuse treatment centers provide services on a statewide basis to adults in need of treatment for alcohol or drug abuse. Residential treatment and rehabilitation are provided in a structured setting and may also include medical services and detoxification as needed. Located in Black Mountain, Butner, and Greenville.
	<i>Division of Social Services</i>	
	Family Services Section	
	Supportive Services	Helps individuals and families obtain care and services under Medicaid, Medicare, maternal and child health programs, and other public and private agencies or providers of health services. Alcohol and drug abuse, and limitations resulting from aging, disability, or handicap are of particular concern.
	Special Health Needs	Pays for items not paid for by Medicaid, Medicare, or other third-party payers, including ostomy supplies, oxygen, bandages, orthopedic, and other appliances needed by aging and disabled.
	Transportation	Provides for health-care-related transportation.
TOTAL FOR HEALTH CARE SERVICES FOR ADULTS:		

Key Code to Type of Program: Administration*.... A Prevention.... P Treatment.... T
**Includes general administrative, educational, training, regulatory, and other planning activities and programs.*

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1-June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
T	G.S. 122C-101 G.S. 122C-131 G.S. 122C-181	Not App.	121,346.00	65,211.00	21,682.00	208,239.00
			[Medicaid dollars in the amount of \$41,161,164 are included in the total.]			
		Not Avail.	16,235.00	17,946.00	594.00	34,775.00
			[Total dollars for adult and child substance abuse services/community based.]			
P,T	G.S. 122C-101 G.S. 122C-115 G.S. 122C-116 G.S. 122C-131 G.S. 122C-141					
T	G.S. 122C-101 G.S. 122C-131 G.S. 122C-181	Not App.	9,940.00	328.00	745.00	11,013.00
			[Medicaid dollars in the amount of \$203,296 are included in the total.]			
T	G.S. 143B-153	2.86	0.00	8.58	0.00	11.44
T	G.S. 143B-153	27.97	0.00	83.94	0.00	111.91
T	G.S. 143B-153	373.60	0.00	1,120.80	0.00	1,494.40
		93,810.56	773,071.31	1,363,944.16	25,963.00	2,256,789.03

Section I: Health Care Provided to Populations

Table 2. Health Care Services for the Elderly

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Human Resources</i>		
	<i>Division of Aging</i> Adult Day Health	Provides health care services and program activities during the day in a community setting to support an adult's personal independence.
	Comprehensive Health Screening	Provides general medical testing, screening, and referral for the elderly to promote early detection and prevention of health problems.
	Health Promotion	Provides services to maintain and improve the health and well-being of the elderly. Services promote exercise, physical fitness, nutritional diets, drug management, accident prevention, smoking cessation, and stress management.
	Home Health Services	Provides health care in the home to an older adult in need of medical care prescribed by a physician.
	Medical Transportation	Provides transportation to medical care for elderly citizens.
<i>Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities, and Substance Abuse Services</i>		
	Mental Health Section N.C. Special Care Center	Provides nursing home care for patients referred from the state psychiatric hospitals. Also serves adults under age 65.
<i>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</i>		
<i>Social Security Administration</i>		
	Medicare Program	Provides health insurance coverage for persons over the age of 65.

TOTAL HEALTH CARE SERVICES FOR THE ELDERLY:

Key Code to Type of Program: Administration*.... A Prevention.... P Treatment.... T
**Includes general administrative, educational, training, regulatory, and other planning activities and programs.*

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1-June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
T	G.S. 143B-181.1	2.07	32.11	12.08	0.00	46.26
P,T	G.S. 143B-181.1	6.43	26.98	30.88	0.00	64.29
P,T	G.S. 143B-181.1	2.79	18.75	6.39	0.00	27.93
T	G.S. 143B-181.1	13.92	30.70	94.59	0.00	139.21
T	G.S. 143B-181.1	57.32	252.38	328.70	0.00	638.40
T	G.S. 122C-101, -131, -181	Not App.	1,994.00	6,032.00	1,033.00	9,059.00
		[Medicaid dollars in the amount of \$6,023,876 are included in the total.]				
.....		82.53	2,354.92	6,504.64	1,033.00	9,975.09

Section I: Health Care Provided to Populations

Table 3. Health Care Services for Children and Adolescents

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Environment, Health and Natural Resources</i>		
	<i>Division of Dental Health</i>	
	<i>Dental Disease Prevention Section</i>	
	Community and School Water Fluoridation Program	Provides financial and technical assistance to school systems and communities to promote and monitor water fluoridation programs.
	Dental Care Services	Provides screening and referral of elementary school children with emphasis in kindergarten, second, fourth, and sixth grades. Provides pit and fissure sealants and promotes their use.
	Weekly Fluoride Mouth-rinse	Provides weekly fluoride mouth-rinse for children.
	<i>Office of Dental Health Education</i>	
	Dental Health Education for Children	Provides education to children on oral hygiene practices, appropriate dietary habits, injury and disease prevention, dental care, and consumerism.
	<i>Division of Maternal and Child Health</i>	
	<i>Child Services Section</i>	
	Child Health Supervision	Performs health assessments including physical examinations, developmental and nutritional assessments, screening for early detection of disabilities, immunizations, anticipatory guidance for parents, and referral and follow-up.
	Nutrition	Provides assistance to local health departments for planning, organizing and implementing, and managing nutrition-related activities for the maternal and child population.
	Title XIX Nutrition Funds	Pays for nutrition counseling of financially eligible individuals who are part of target populations.
	Pediatric Primary Care Program	Provides pediatric health care to children.
	School Health Program	Plans school health service delivery; continuing education for teachers and nurses; appraisal, referral and follow-up of school children with suspected health problems; and screening programs.
	School Health Fund	Pays for prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of chronic remediable defects in eligible school children.

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Key Code to Type of Program: Administration*.... A Prevention.... P Treatment.... T
**Includes general administrative, educational, training, regulatory, and other planning activities and programs.*

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1-June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
P	G.S. 130A-366	0.00	400.00	155.00	0.00	555.00
P	G.S. 130A-366	0.00	1,900.00	0.00	0.00	1,900.00
P	G.S. 130A-366	0.00	120.00	3.13	0.00	123.13
P	G.S. 130A-366	0.00	1,150.00	0.00	0.00	1,150.00
P,T	G.S. 130A-124	0.00	2,500.00	5,000.00	0.00	7,500.00
P	G.S. 130A-361	0.00	420.00	360.00	0.00	780.00
P	G.S. 130A-361	0.00	0.00	120.00	0.00	120.00
T	G.S. 130A-124	0.00	394.70	0.00	0.00	394.70
P,T	G.S. 130A-124	[Included in Child Health.]				
A,P,T	G.S. 130A-124	0.00	830.70	0.00	0.00	830.70

Section I: Health Care Provided to Populations

Table 3. Health Care Services for Children and Adolescents, *continued*

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Environment, Health and Natural Resources, continued</i>		
	<i>Office of Prevention</i>	
	Lead Screening and Follow-up	Screens children who are at increased risk of lead ingestion, absorption, or toxicity.
	<i>Services for Persons with Special Needs</i>	
	Child Service Coordination Program	Identifies children at risk and provides necessary services to the children and their families.
	Children's Special Health Services	Provides diagnostic and treatment services for children with certain chronic illnesses and disabilities that may hinder the achievement of normal growth and development. Care is provided through a network of specialty clinics that offer diagnostic services to all children, and treatment services to financially eligible children.
	Developmental Evaluation Centers Program	Provides clinical evaluation, treatment and case management services for children with known or suspected developmental disabilities at 18 centers. Special emphasis is placed on services to infants and pre-school children.
	Discharge Planning Services	Identifies infants and children with special needs, coordinates child services for eligible infants, and plans timely discharges.
	Genetic Health Care	Provides screening, diagnosis, treatment, and follow-up supportive services through medical centers and community satellite clinics to reduce the occurrence of physical and mental disorders. Newborns are screened for phenylketonuria, hypothyroidism, galactosemia, and non-whites for sickle cell.
	Hemophilia Assistance Plan	Reimburses five medical centers for persons with hemophilia who are on home care regimens.
	Intensive Care Nursery	Provides neonatologists and nursing care to infants who have life-threatening illnesses such as respiratory distress syndrome, extreme prematurity and conditions requiring surgery.
	Sickle Cell Syndrome Program	Provides educational services; voluntary testing, and newborn screening for sickle cell disease; counseling of persons with abnormal test results; and case management services that include reimbursement for care for eligible patients.

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Key Code to Type of Program: Administration*.... A Prevention.... P Treatment.... T
**Includes general administrative, educational, training, regulatory, and other planning activities and programs.*

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1-June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
P	G.S. 130A-124	0.00	21.40	71.00	0.00	92.40
P	G.S. 130A-124	0.00	2,458.00	325.00	0.00	2,783.00
T	G.S. 130A-124	0.00	8,502.00	2,318.00	42.00	10,862.00
T	G.S. 130A-124	0.00	8,301.00	1,389.00	570.00	10,260.00
P,T	G.S. 130A-124	7.39	0.00	262.50	0.00	269.89
P,T	G.S. 130A-124	0.00	1,188.80	348.00	0.00	1,536.80
T	G.S. 130A-124	0.00	150.00	0.00	0.00	150.00
T	G.S. 130A-124	0.00	0.00	138.00	0.00	138.00
A,T	G.S. 130A-124	0.00	1,585.00	0.00	0.00	1,585.00

Section I: Health Care Provided to Populations

Table 3. Health Care Services for Children and Adolescents, *continued*

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources, continued</i>		
	<i>Women's Health Services</i>	
	Adolescent Pregnancy Prevention Projects	Aims to reduce the number of adolescent pregnancies. Projects include services which promote abstinence from sexual activity, target the adolescent male, promote school health services, and encourage parental involvement.
	<i>Division of Epidemiology</i>	
	<i>Communicable Disease Control Section</i>	
	Immunization Branch	Provides immunization and related services to children and adults.
<i>Department of Human Resources</i>		
	<i>Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities, and Substance Abuse Services</i>	Community-based developmental disability services for children and adults.
	<i>Developmental Disability Section</i>	
	Child Developmental Disability Services (Community-based)	Provides periodic, day/night, and 24-hour services through a network of 41 area mental health, developmental disabilities, and substance abuse authorities. Services include, but are not limited to, prevention and early intervention, assessment and evaluation, developmental day care, respite, and residential services. Services are available to the child as well as family members and are provided in the least restrictive setting practicable.
	<i>Substance Abuse Section</i>	
	Child Substance Abuse Services (Community-based)	Provides periodic, day/night, and 24-hour services through a network of 41 area mental health, developmental disabilities, and substance abuse authorities. Adolescent substance abuse services are also provided to youthful offenders in both detention facilities and training schools. Specific services provided in the continuum include, but are not limited to, prevention and early intervention, screening and evaluation, case management, intensive outpatient, day treatment, halfway houses, residential treatment, and inpatient treatment.
	<i>Mental Health Section</i>	
	Child Mental Health Services (Community-based)	Provides periodic, day/night, and 24-hour services through a network of 41 area mental health, developmental disabilities, and substance abuse authorities. Services include, but are not limited to, prevention and early intervention, evaluation and assessment, case management, outpatient, day treatment, residential treatment, and inpatient treatment. Services are available to the child as well as family members and are provided in the least restrictive setting practicable. (Includes Willie M Services.)

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Key Code to Type of Program: Administration*.... A Prevention.... P Treatment.... T
**Includes general administrative, educational, training, regulatory, and other planning activities and programs.*

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1-June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
P	G.S. 130A-124	0.00	357.00	983.00	445.00	1,785.00
P	G.S. 130A Art. 6	0.00	302.55	1,017.00	0.00	1,319.55
		Not Avail.	62,633.00	5,680.00	0.00	68,313.00
P,T	G.S. 122C-101 G.S. 122C-115 G.S. 122C-116 G.S. 122C-131 G.S. 122C-141	[Dollars for children are included in the total for developmental disability services/community-based.]				
P,T	G.S. 122C-101 G.S. 122C-115 G.S. 122C-116 G.S. 122C-131 G.S. 122C-141	[Dollars for children are included in the total for substance services/community-based.]				
P,T	G.S. 122C-101 G.S. 122C-115 G.S. 122C-116 G.S. 122C-131 G.S. 122C-141	[Dollars for children are included in the total for mental health services/community-based.]				

Section I: Health Care Provided to Populations

Table 3. Health Care Services for Children and Adolescents, *continued*

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Human Resources, continued</i>		
	Wright School and Whitaker School	Two schools for emotionally disturbed children and adolescents requiring both psychological and educational services. Medical services are arranged on an as-needed basis for residents. Located in Butner and Durham.
	<i>Division of Medical Assistance</i>	
	Baby Love Program (Program is a joint endeavor with the Division of Maternal and Child Health.)	Offers traditional medical services to pregnant women, and childbirth and parenting classes.
	Community Alternatives Program for Children	Serves medically fragile children up to 18 years.
	Healthy Child and Teens Program	Provides preventive health care for Medicaid-eligible children and youth under age 21.
	<i>Division of Social Services</i>	
	Family Services Section Adoption Assistance	Provides monthly cash payments, reimbursements, and services for adoptive children who are physically or mentally handicapped or otherwise hard to place for adoption because of their special needs.
	Child Medical Evaluations	Provides specialized medical or psychological evaluations for children reported to be abused or neglected.
	Medical Vendor Payments	Provides treatment or services for the condition(s) specified at the time handicapped child is determined eligible for adoption assistance or which occurs later as a result of previously specified condition. Payments to providers for medical or medically-related services for services or treatment not covered by medical insurance or Medicaid, as well as for specialized medical services up to a maximum of \$1,200 per year.
<i>Department of Public Instruction</i>		
	<i>Division of Student Services</i>	
	Pre-School Screening/ Health Assessment for Kindergarteners	Screening and referral services for pre-kindergarteners and kindergarteners.

TOTAL HEALTH CARE SERVICES FOR CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS:

Key Code to Type of Program: Administration*.... A Prevention.... P Treatment.... T
**Includes general administrative, educational, training, regulatory, and other planning activities and programs.*

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1-June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
T	G.S. 122C-101 G.S. 122C-131 G.S. 122C-181	Not App.	2,881.00	40.00	93.00	3,014.00
P	G.S. 108A-55	3,330.20	18,871.90	44,888.90	0.00	67,091.00
		[Expenditures are for services rendered under Sixth Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1986; funds are also included in total Medicaid spending.]				
T	G.S. 108A-55	55.00	311.90	738.00	0.00	1,104.90
		[Also included in total Medicaid spending.]				
P,T	G.S. 108A-55	268.20	1,520.10	3,600.60	0.00	5,388.90
		[Also included in total Medicaid spending.]				
A,T	G.S. 108A-50	190.56	191.11	768.89	0.00	1,150.56
P,T	G.S. 7A-544	0.00	92.99	128.96	0.00	221.95
T	G.S. 180A-50	18.01	0.00	43.94	0.00	61.95
P	G.S. 115C-364	Not Avail.	287.00	0.00	0.00	287.00
.....		3,869.36	117,370.14	68,378.92	1,150.00	190,768.43

Section I: Health Care Provided to Populations

Table 4. Health Care Services for Women

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources</i>		
	<i>Division of Maternal and Child Health</i>	
	<i>Maternal and Child Care Section</i>	
	<i>Nutrition Services Section</i>	
	Women, Infants and Children Supplemental Food Program (WIC) and others	Provides nutrition education and supplemental foods to financially eligible pregnant and lactating women, infants, and children up to 5 years of age who are at nutritional risk.
	<i>Women's Health Section</i>	
	High Risk Maternity Clinics	Provide prenatal services for women at medical risk for poor pregnancy outcome.
	Maternity Care Coordination	Provides a psychosocial assessment, development of a service plan, and monitoring and follow-up of pregnant women who request assistance in obtaining prenatal care related services.
	Preconceptional Health Services	Assesses a woman's medical status and health behaviors before she becomes pregnant to determine if she is at risk of a poor pregnancy outcome. Women who are assessed as being at risk are provided counseling and educational materials.
	Prenatal Care	Provides services to pregnant women such as baseline history, physical examination, routine laboratory tests, nutritional assessment, and counseling, and makes referrals in high-risk pregnancies.
	Regional Perinatal Care Centers	Provide medical care at 10 centers for pregnant women with life-threatening illnesses such as diabetes, hypertension, fetal distress, preterm labor, and fetal congenital anomalies; provide medical care for newborns with life-threatening illnesses such as respiratory distress, extreme prematurity, and congenital defects requiring intensive care.
	Reproductive Health Services	Provides medical, educational, referral, and social services to help people exercise personal choice in family planning.
<i>Department of Human Resources</i>		
	<i>Division of Social Services</i>	
	<i>Family Services Section</i>	
	State Maternity Home Fund	Pays for care in a licensed maternity home for eligible individuals.
	State Abortion Fund	Pays for abortions for indigent or AFDC women who must be either a victim of rape or incest, mentally retarded, in danger of having health impaired by pregnancy, or be an eligible minor.
TOTAL HEALTH CARE SERVICES FOR WOMEN:		

Key Code to Type of Program: Administration*.... A Prevention.... P Treatment.... T
**Includes general administrative, educational, training, regulatory, and other planning activities and programs.*

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1-June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
P	G.S. 130A-361	0.00	1,202.65	60,675.04	0.00	61,877.69
P	G.S. 130A-124	0.00	545.00	1,017.00	0.00	1,562.00
P	G.S. 130A-124	0.00	397.00	0.00	3,176.00	3,573.00
P	G.S. 130A-124	[Funding is included in the Reproductive Health Services Program.]				
P	G.S. 130A-124	0.00	3,229.00	3,365.00	4,136.00	10,730.00
T	G.S. 130A-124	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
P	G.S. 130A-124	6,864.40	1,381.20	6,706.40	1,104.00	16,056.00
T	G.S. 143B-153	0.00	112.17	336.52	0.00	448.69
T	G.S. 14-45.1	0.00	424.00	0.00	0.00	424.00
.....		6,864.40	7,291.02	72,099.96	8,416.00	94,671.38

Section I: Health Care Provided to Populations
Table 5. Health Care Services for Special Populations

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources</i>		
	<i>Division of Adult Health Health Care Section</i>	
	Migrant Health Program	Provides outpatient care directly at special health department-based migrant health clinics or pays for care provided by other health and medical care providers. Outreach workers locate migrants in need of services.
	Refugee Health Program	Facilitates an initial health assessment and helps refugees understand and gain access to health care in the U.S.
<i>Department of Human Resources Division of Social Services</i>		
	<i>Family Services Section</i>	
	Refugee Cash and Medical Assistance Program	Provides cash and medical assistance to newly arrived refugees who qualify.
	State Legalization Impact Assistance Program	Provides health care services for eligible migrant workers.
TOTAL HEALTH CARE SERVICES FOR SPECIAL POPULATIONS:		

Table 6. Health Care Services for Disabled Populations

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Human Resources</i>		
	<i>Division of Services for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing</i>	
	Medical Services	Medical services provided to deaf and hard-of-hearing students at three schools in Greensboro, Morganton, and Wilson.
	<i>Division of Services for the Blind</i>	
	Medical Eye Care	Provides eye examinations, eyeglasses, surgery and other procedures such as low vision aids to blind or partially sighted persons who are ineligible for Medicaid and qualify economically for the medical eye care program. Provides eye screening services regardless of income.
	Personal Care Services	Provides in-home medical and nutritional services to visually impaired persons who are Medicaid recipients.

—continued

Key Code to Type of Program: Administration*.... A Prevention.... P Treatment.... T
**Includes general administrative, educational, training, regulatory, and other planning activities and programs.*

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1-June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
A,P,T	15A NCAC 16A .0100	17.69	592.20	550.00	0.00	1,159.89
A,P,T	G.S. 130A-223	0.00	60.20	63.90	0.00	124.10
T	G.S. 143B-153	1.26	0.00	844.45	0.00	845.71
T	45 Code of Fed. Regs. 402.10 (a-c)	0.00	0.00	1,937.38	0.00	1,937.38
.....		18.95	652.40	3,395.73	0.00	4,067.08

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1-June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
T	10 NCAC 23A .0707	0.00	337.90	0.00	0.00	337.90
T	G.S. 111-8	0.00	1,733.00	0.00	0.00	1,733.00
T	G.S. 111-8	0.00	0.00	1,282.86	0.00	1,282.86
[These dollars are included in the total for Medicaid.]						

Section I: Health Care Provided to Populations

Table 6. Health Care Programs for Disabled Populations, *continued*

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Human Resources, continued</i>		
	<i>Division of Services for the Blind, continued</i>	
	Vocational Rehabilitation	Provides medical services or equipment for persons demonstrating potential to return to work.
	<i>Division of Medicaid</i>	
	Community Alternatives Program for Mentally Retarded/Developmentally Disabled	Provides services to Medicaid recipients, including purchase of medical equipment, home mobility aids, respite care, homemaker services, and case management.
	Title XIX Medical Transportation	Arranges transportation services for Medicaid clients who require access to medical care.
	<i>Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities, and Substance Abuse Services</i>	
	Adult Developmental Disability Services (Community-based)	Provides periodic, day/night, and 24-hour services through a network of 41 area mental health, developmental disabilities, and substance abuse authorities. Services include, but are not limited to, assessment and evaluation, adult development activity programs, supported employment, respite, and residential services. Services are provided in the least restrictive setting practicable.
	Mental Retardation Centers	Five state-operated regional mental retardation centers provide education and training to center residents, with the corresponding provision of medical services as necessary. Residents' medical services may range from routine visits with doctors or nurses to the need for tube feeding and other significant medical needs. Located in Black Mountain, Butner, Goldsboro, Kinston, and Morganton. Serve children and adults.
	<i>Division of Vocational Rehabilitation</i>	
		Provides medical rehabilitation services to eligible mentally or physically disabled persons whose conditions are long-term and chronic in nature but who exhibit potential employability.
TOTAL HEALTH SERVICES FOR DISABLED POPULATIONS:		

Key Code to Type of Program: Administration*.... A Prevention.... P Treatment.... T
**Includes general administrative, educational, training, regulatory, and other planning activities and programs.*

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1-June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
T	G.S. 143B-157 G.S. 111-28	0.00	418.16	1,672.65	0.00	2,090.81
		[These dollars are included in the total for Medicaid.]				
T	G.S. 108A-55	406.40	2,303.30	5,454.90	0.00	8,164.60
		[These dollars are included in the total for Medicaid.]				
T	Exec. Order 9 <i>Blue v. Craig</i>	505.58	0.00	1,018.18	0.00	1,523.76
		[Also included in total Medicaid spending.]				
P,T	G.S. 122C-101 G.S. 122C-115 G.S. 122C-116 G.S. 122C-131 G.S. 122C-141	[Dollars for adult developmental disability services/community-based included in Table III, p. X.]				
P,T	G.S. 122C-101 G.S. 122C-131 G.S. 122C-181	Not App.	9,476.00	161,431.00	8,135.00	179,042.00
		[Medicaid dollars in the amount of \$161,238,321 are included in the total.]				
T	G.S.143-545, -546	204.09	3,027.76	7,434.84	547.24	11,213.93
.....		1,116.07	17,296.12	178,294.43	8,682.24	205,388.86

Section II: Health Care Addressing Certain Diseases

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources</i>		
	<i>Division of Adult Health</i>	
	<i>Health Care Section</i>	
	Cancer Control Program	Educates and screens adults for cancer through local health departments, reimburses medical providers for diagnostic and treatment services to persons ineligible for any third-party reimbursement, and funds dysplasia clinics that serve women with abnormal Pap smears.
	Epilepsy and Neurological Diseases Program	Helps persons with epilepsy and neurological disorders obtain medical care, pays for anticonvulsant medications, and educates the public and providers about these disorders.
	Home and Community-Based Human Immunodeficiency Virus Health Services Program	Provides home and community-based HIV health services to financially eligible patients through local health departments and other public and private agencies.
	Organ and Tissue Donation	Provides educational workshops, public service announcements, and donor cards at driver license stations to increase the number of organ donors.
	Renal Disease Program	Provides treatment and related services to low-income patients with end-stage renal disease through kidney dialysis centers, hospitals, and pharmacies. Supports prevention activities through selected local health departments.
	Health Promotion Section	
	Adult Health Program	Provides services to adults to reduce death and disability from heart disease, strokes, cancer, and diabetes. Services include health assessment, screening, education, and counseling, and referral for diagnosis and treatment.
	Statewide Health Promotion Program	Provides services to adults to reduce leading risk factors for heart disease, stroke, cancer, and injuries through risk factor assessment, behavior change, education, and community intervention.
	Arthritis Program	Provides services to reduce disabilities from arthritis through health assessment, screening, patient education, nutritional counseling, referral, self-care skills, or provision of medical care to persons with arthritis.

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Key Code to Type of Program: Administration*.... A Prevention.... P Treatment.... T
**Includes general administrative, educational, training, regulatory, and other planning activities and programs.*

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1-June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
A,P,T	G.S. 130A-205 15A NCAC 16A .0400	0.00	1,531.00	92.40	0.00	1,623.40
A,T	G.S. 130A-223	0.00	224.80	0.00	0.00	224.80
A,T	15A NCAC 16A .0800	0.00	0.00	61.00	0.00	61.00
A	G.S. 130A-413	0.00	1.50	0.00	0.00	1.50
A,P,T	G.S. 130A-220 15A NCAC 16A .0300	33.90	1,205.10	0.00	0.00	1,239.00
A,P,T	G.S. 130A-223	2,417.00	2,994.20	0.00	0.00	2,994.20
A,P	G.S. 130A-223	1,219.00	731.60	904.20	0.00	2,854.80
A,P,T	G.S. 130A-222	19.78	154.80	0.00	0.00	174.58

Section II: Health Care Programs Addressing Certain Diseases, *continued*

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources, continued</i>		
	<i>Division of Adult Health, continued</i>	
	Diabetes Control Program	Provides services to adult diabetics to reduce death and complications for diabetes through health assessment screening, patient education, and nutritional counseling, self-care skills, and referral to medical care.
	Hypertension Program	Provides services to adults to reduce risk factors for death and disability from hypertension through health and risk factor assessment, screening, education, and referral for diagnosis and treatment. Also includes behavior change and community intervention.
	<i>Division of Epidemiology</i>	
	<i>Communicable Disease Control Section</i>	
	HIV/Sexually Transmitted Disease Control Branch	Provides training for HIV antibody testing, counseling, and referral. Provides prevention education, surveillance, and field services for HIV and other sexually transmitted diseases.
	Tuberculosis Branch	Works to prevent and control the spread of tuberculosis. Provides TB diagnostic and treatment services at the local level.
	<i>Division of Laboratory Services</i>	
	<i>Cancer Cytology Section</i>	Examines cervical Pap smears for abnormal cells.
<i>Department of Public Instruction</i>		
	<i>Division of Curriculum and Instruction</i>	
	<i>Healthful Living Section</i>	
	HIV Prevention and Education Program	Provides federal funding for HIV/AIDS prevention and education.

TOTAL HEALTH CARE PROGRAMS ADDRESSING CERTAIN DISEASES:

Key Code to Type of Program: Administration*.... A Prevention.... P Treatment.... T
**Includes general administrative, educational, training, regulatory, and other planning activities and programs.*

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1-June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
A,P,T	G.S. 130A-221	3.14	0.00	156.90	0.00	160.04
A,P,T	G.S. 130A-223	189.84	240.20	573.70	0.00	1,003.74
P	G.S. 130A, Article 6	0.00	968.78	3,681.70	321.94	4,972.42
P	G.S. 130A, Article 6	0.00	3,388.46	260.64	36.04	3,685.14
P	G.S. 130A-88	0.00	1,197.03	0.00	0.00	1,197.03
P	42 U.S.C. 241 (a) NCGS 115C-81(a)(2)	0.00	0.00	245.44	0.00	245.44
.....		3,882.66	12,637.47	5,975.98	357.98	20,437.09

Section III: Environmental and Occupational Health Safety

Table I: Environmental Programs

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources</i>		
<i>Division of Environmental Health</i>		
<i>Environmental Health Services Section</i>		
	Public Swimming Pool Program	Inspects all public swimming pools to ensure they are constructed and operated in a manner that prevents transmission of disease and injury.
	Mass Gatherings Program	Ensures that at a mass gathering of 5,000 or more persons, organizer provides bathroom facilities and meets sanitary conditions.
	Food and Lodging Sanitation Branch	Ensures that food, lodging, and other public facilities are sanitary through local inspection programs.
	Institutional Services Branch	Inspects and licenses all institutions—such as rest homes, hospitals, orphanages, and private colleges—to ensure that facilities are sanitary.
	Milk Sanitation Branch	Inspects dairy farms, milk processing plants, and single service plants to determine if milk has been produced under sanitary conditions and pasteurized, and if the containers are sanitary.
	Shellfish Sanitation Branch	Ensures that shellfish are processed under sanitary conditions and samples shellfish waters for bacteriological quality.
	<i>On-Site Wastewater Section</i>	Ensures that septic tank systems are installed properly to prevent disease through the sewage system. Inspections are carried out by local health departments.
	<i>Public Health Pest Management Section</i>	Identifies pest problems and makes recommendations to improve and manage pest problems to avoid transmission of vector-borne diseases.
	Coastal Mosquito Management Branch	Advises local governments and developers on appropriate methods of mosquito control and provides funds for spraying and control.
	Sleep Products Branch Sleep Products Program	Inspects and licenses facilities which sell bedding to protect the public health.

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Key Code to Type of Program: Administration*.... A Prevention.... P Treatment.... T
**Includes general administrative, educational, training, regulatory, and other planning activities and programs.*

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1-June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
		0.00	2,433.64	0.00	0.00	2,433.64
		[Total dollars for the Environmental Health Services Section and On-site Wastewater Section.]				
P	G.S.130A- 230-232					
P	G.S. 130A- 251-258					
A,P	G.S. 130A- 247-250					
A,P	G.S. 130A- 235-237					
A,P	G.S. 130A- 274-279					
A,P	G.S. 130A- 230-231	0.00	632.04	0.00	0.00	632.04
A,P	G.S. 130A- 333-343					
P	G.S. 130A- 346-347	[Dollars for this section are included in the Coastal Mosquito Management Branch.]				
P	G.S. 130A- 346-349	0.00	971.22	0.00	0.00	971.22
		[Dollars include the Public Health Pest Management Section.]				
A,P	G.S. 130A- 261-273	0.00	344.23	0.00	0.00	344.23

Section III: Environmental and Occupational Health Safety

Table I: Environmental Programs, *continued*

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources, continued</i>		
	<i>Public Water Supply Section</i>	Ensures that drinking water provided by public water supplies is safe for human consumption and meets state and local drinking water standards.
	Revolving Loan and Grant Program	Provides loans and grants to communities for public water supply systems.
	<i>Division of Epidemiology</i>	
	<i>Environmental Epidemiology Section</i>	
	Environmental Epidemiology Branch	Assesses the human risk of potential exposure from toxins and chemicals.
	<i>Division of Laboratory Services</i>	
	<i>Environmental Sciences Section</i>	
	Environmental Microbiology Branch	Tests water and performs coliform analysis for counties in the state.
	Environmental Inorganic Chemistry Branch	Analyzes all inorganic substances, such as arsenic and metals.
	Environmental Organic Chemistry Branch	Analyzes and tests the impact of pesticides, hazardous waste, and chemical spills.
	Environmental Radiochemistry Branch	
	Radiochemistry Program	Tests drinking water, soil, and shellfish for radiation.
	Laboratory Certification Branch	Certifies milk and water laboratories to determine if milk laboratories are in conformance with Food and Drug Administration rules and regulations; and if water laboratories are in conformance with the federal Safe Drinking Water Act.
<i>Department of Labor</i>		
	<i>Right-To-Know Division</i>	Ensures that all users of hazardous chemicals in quantities of at least 55 gallons provide information to local fire chiefs on chemicals and that the public has access to this information.

TOTAL FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH PROGRAMS:

Key Code to Type of Program: Administration*.... A Prevention.... P Treatment.... T
**Includes general administrative, educational, training, regulatory, and other planning activities and programs.*

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1-June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
A,P	G.S. 130A-312	0.00	1,330.82	1,231.50	0.00	2,562.32
A	G.S. 159G-15	[Public Water Supply Section includes dollars for loan and grant program; amount in fund fluctuates.]				0.00
P	G.S. 130A-5	0.00	687.57	17.28	0.00	704.84
P	G.S. 130A-315 G.S. 130A-88	0.00	1,720.08	95.14	0.00	1,815.22
P	G.S. 130A-315 G.S. 130A-88	[Total spending for all branches in Environmental Sciences Section except for Laboratory Certification Branch.]				
P	G.S. 130A-315 G.S. 130A-88					
P	G.S. 130A-315 G.S. 130A-88					
P	G.S. 130A-315	0.00	56.42	0.00	0.00	56.42
A,P	G.S. 95-173	0.00	185.41	0.00	0.00	185.41
.....		0.00	8,361.41	1,343.92	0.00	9,705.34

Section III: Environmental and Occupational Health Safety

Table 2: Occupational Safety Programs

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Labor</i>		
	<i>Boiler and Pressure Vessel Division</i>	Comprehensive regulation of boiler and pressure vessels.
	<i>Elevator and Amusement Device Division</i>	To ensure safety, inspects elevators, escalators, dumbwaiters, passenger tramways, ski lifts, handicapped lifting devices, and amusement devices.
	<i>Mine and Quarry Division</i>	Enforces work place safety regulations in mines and quarries and encourages safe operations.
	<i>Occupational Safety and Health Division</i>	
	<i>Compliance Bureau</i>	Enforces standards protecting the employees from exposure to occupational safety and health hazards. Conducts health and safety inspections, but does not inspect all N.C. work places.
	<i>Consultative Services Bureau</i>	Provides consultations to employers on correcting safety and health hazards in the work place.
	<i>Education, Training, and Technical Services Bureau</i>	Publishes safety and health guides, operates schools, and conducts seminars on safety and health topics.
<i>Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources</i>		
	<i>Division of Epidemiology Occupational Health Section</i>	[This section includes the Industrial Hygiene Consultation Branch and the Asbestos Branch.]
	<i>Asbestos Program</i>	Inspects public buildings for asbestos and enforces federal and state asbestos laws and regulations in all public buildings.
	<i>Dusty Trades Program</i>	Aims to protect workers in mining and granite quarries exposed to asbestos and other substances such as silica.
	<i>Industrial Consultation Hygiene Program</i>	Monitors industry to ensure employee safety.
	<i>Occupational Health Nursing Program</i>	Prevents illnesses and promotes healthy lifestyles by working with industry and consulting with the occupational health nurses in industry.

TOTAL FOR OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY PROGRAMS:

Key Code to Type of Program: Administration*.... A Prevention.... P Treatment.... T
**Includes general administrative, educational, training, regulatory, and other planning activities and programs.*

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1-June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
A,P	G.S. 96-68.8	0.00	0.00	0.00	639.52	639.52
A,P	G.S. 95-105 95-110.1 95-111.1	0.00	562.32	0.00	437.22	999.54
A,P	G.S. 74-24.1	0.00	471.16	52.24	0.00	523.39
		0.00	2,223.74	2,531.60	0.00	4,755.34
		[Total dollars include Compliance, Consultative Services, and Education, Training and Technical Services Bureaus.]				
A	G.S. 95-126	[Included in total for Occupational Safety and Health Division.]				
P	G.S. 95-147	[Included in total for Occupational Safety and Health Division.]				
P	G.S. 95-147	[Included in total for Occupational Safety and Health Division.]				
		0.00	389.06	0.00	0.00	389.06
		[Total dollars for this section include funds for the Industrial Hygiene Consultation Branch, but no funds for the Asbestos Branch.]				
A,P	G.S. 130A Article 19	0.00	177.67	11.52	538.29	727.48
A,P	G.S. 97 & 130-5(5)	[Funds are included in the total for the Occupational Health Section.]				
A,P	G.S. 130A-5(5)	[Funds are included in the total for the Occupational Health Section.]				
A,P	G.S. 130A-5(5)	[Funds are included in the total for the Occupational Health Section.]				
.....		0.00	3,823.94	2,595.36	1,615.03	8,034.32

Section IV: Health Care Policy, Regulation, Planning, and Training

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Agriculture</i>		
	<i>Food and Drug Protection Division</i>	
	Food, Drug, and Cosmetics Program	Inspects food establishments and tests food products.
	Pesticide Control Program	Seeks to protect consumers, the environment, and the public by ensuring product quality and responding to pesticide-related incidents.
	<i>Veterinary Division</i>	
	Animal Disease Diagnostic Laboratory Program	Diagnoses diseases of livestock, poultry, and other animals to protect the public health and prevent outbreaks of foreign animal disease.
	Meat and Poultry Inspection Program	Operates inspection program to ensure that all meat and poultry is wholesome, properly labeled, packaged, packed, and fit for human consumption.
<i>Department of Community Colleges</i>		
	Allied Health Professional Programs	Administers curriculums that prepare students for licensure, certification, or registration in their field.
	Nursing Programs	Administers 48 associate degree nursing programs, and 24 practical nursing programs.
<i>Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources</i>		
	<i>State Center for Health and Environmental Statistics</i>	Collects, analyzes, and publishes health-related data.
	<i>Division of Dental Health</i>	
	Dental Public Health Residency Program	Provides professional training in dental public health.
	Prevention Services Program	Helps health departments develop and conduct preventive programs.

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Key Code to Type of Program: Administration*.... A Prevention.... P Treatment.... T
**Includes general administrative, educational, training, regulatory, and other planning activities and programs.*

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1-June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
A,P	G.S. 106, Art. 12	0.00	2,389.47	91.10	0.00	2,480.57
A,P	G.S. 143, Art. 52	0.00	1,954.19	350.63	0.00	2,304.82
A,P	Ch. 106, Arts. 34,49,49E,49F & 58	0.00	4,915.34	42.47	0.00	4,957.81
A,P	Compulsory Meat Inspection Law G.S.106, Art. 49B & 49C NC Poultry Products Inspection Law, G.S. 106, Art. 49D	0.00	2,470.20	2,546.80	0.00	5,017.00
A	G.S. 115D 23 NCAC 2E .0200	417.46	11,262.02	0.00	0.00	11,679.48
A	G.S. 115D 23 NCAC 2E .0200	1,132.32	18,314.29	81.19	0.00	19,527.80
A	G.S. 130A-90 G.S. 130A-208 G.S. 130A-371	0.00	2,242.00	167.00	0.00	2,409.00
A	G.S. 130A-11	0.00	10.00	0.00	0.00	10.00
A,P	G.S. 130A-366	0.00	30.00	0.00	0.00	30.00

Section IV: Health Care Policy, Regulation, Planning, and Training, *continued*

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources, continued</i>		
	<i>Division of Epidemiology</i>	
	<i>Communicable Disease Control Section</i>	
	General Communicable Disease Branch	Tracks communicable diseases.
	Surveillance Program	Collects statistics to report to the U.S. Center for Disease Control as part of national surveillance on general health of the population.
	Immunization Branch	Provides immunization and related services to children and adults.
	<i>Environmental Epidemiology Section</i>	
	Environmental Epidemiology Program	Assesses the human risk of potential exposure from toxins and chemicals.
	Pesticides Program	Works to prevent human pesticide poisoning and ensure that pesticides are used in an acceptable manner.
	Veterinary Public Health Program	Provides consultation on animal bites and on rabies.
	<i>Injury Control Section</i>	
	Driver Medical Evaluation Branch	Evaluates the effect a person's medical condition may have on driving ability.
	Injury Prevention Branch	Works to prevent injuries at the local level and offers injury-prevention grants to health departments.
	<i>Post-Mortem Medicolegal Examination Division</i>	
		Oversees operation of statewide medicolegal death investigation program to ensure identification of and proper certification of all deaths due to external causes.
	Pathology Section	Performs medicolegal autopsies to determine cause and manner of death.
	Toxicology Section	Performs postmortem testing of samples collected during medicolegal examinations to certify cause and manner of death.
	Statistical and Records Section	Disseminates reports of examinations generated by medical examiners and pathologists and prepares yearly statistics for surveillance and research purposes.
	<i>Office of Public Health Nursing</i>	Addresses legal public health nursing practice issues; sets standards of public health nursing practice and provides training and continuing education for public health nurses. [Folded into the DEHNR's Administrative Section for FY'92.]

—continued

Key Code to Type of Program: Administration*.... A Prevention.... P Treatment.... T
**Includes general administrative, educational, training, regulatory, and other planning activities and programs.*

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1-June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
A	G.S. 130A-134, -141	0.00	3,550.80	0.00	0.00	3,550.80
A	G.S. 130A-134, -141	[Figures are included in the total for the General Communicable Disease Branch.]				
P	G.S. 130A-149, -157	0.00	2,719.54	3,735.05	0.00	6,454.59
* P		0.00	687.57	17.28	0.00	704.84
		[Funds are included in the total for the Environmental Epidemiology Section.]				
A,P	G.S. 130A-5	[Funds are included in the total for the Environmental Epidemiology Section.]				
A,P	G.S. 130A-184, -200 (rabies)	[Funds are included in the total for the Environmental Epidemiology Section.]				
A	G.S. 20-9, G.S. 143-10	0.00	26.60	0.00	337.09	363.70
A,P	G.S. 130A-29	0.00	0.00	317.82	189.66	507.48
A	G.S. 130A-377, -394	0.00	2,222.00	0.00	0.00	2,222.00
		[State dollars include all local reimbursements received.]				
A,T	G.S.130A-377, -394					
A,T	G.S.130A-377, -394					
A,P	G.S. 130A-377, -394					
A	G.S. 130A-366					

Section IV: Health Care Policy, Regulation, Planning, and Training, *continued*

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Human Resources</i>		
	<i>Division of Aging</i>	
	Medicare Partners Program	Encourages physicians to accept assignments for Medicare patients at 200% of the federal poverty level.
	<i>Division of Facility Services</i>	
	Certificate of Need	Reviews the need for certain health facilities and services identified under State Medical Facilities Plan and issues CONs if needed.
	Emergency Medical Services	Conducts training and certification for emergency medical personnel, inspects ambulances, and designates trauma centers.
	Facilities Finance Program	Issues bonds to finance health care facilities.
	Federal Certification	Certifies and inspects health care facilities participating in the Medicaid/Medicare program. Reviews and evaluates the appropriateness of care provided to Medicaid recipients.
	Licensure Program	Reviews, inspects, and licenses health care and domiciliary facilities.
	Medical Facilities Planning	Produces State Medical Facilities Plan, which provides projections of need for health care facilities and services.
	Regulatory Services	Licenses nursing pools to ensure that nursing staff meet all state regulations and standards.
	<i>Division of Medical Assistance</i>	
	Carolina Access Program	Operates cost containment program to link eligible Medicaid recipients with doctors who manage their care.
	<i>Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities, and Substance Abuse Services</i>	
	<i>Substance Abuse Section</i>	
	Regulatory Branch	
	Controlled Substance	
	Regulatory Program	Conducts reviews and inspections of the records of approximately 1,400 facilities that dispense medications.
	<i>Office of the Secretary</i>	
	Office of Rural Health and Resource Development	Strengthens rural health services by providing technical and grant assistance to community-based health care centers, technical assistance to small rural hospitals, and physician recruitment services to rural and underserved communities.

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Key Code to Type of Program: Administration*.... A Prevention.... P Treatment.... T
**Includes general administrative, educational, training, regulatory, and other planning activities and programs.*

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1--June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
A		[No direct state resources associated with the program.]				0.00
A	Ch. 131E, Art. 9	0.00	0.00	0.00	736.75	736.75
A	Ch. 131E, Art. 7	0.00	2,994.83	252.15	246.18	3,493.16
A	Ch. 131A	0.00	0.00	0.00	331.30	331.30
A	Sec. 1864, 1874 of federal Soc. Sec. Act	0.00	287.99	4,509.15	0.00	4,797.14
A	Ch. 131E, Art. 5,6,8, &10 Ch. 108A, Art. 6 Ch. 122C, Art. 2	0.00	1,845.83	610.49	74.30	2,530.62
A	G.S.131E, Art.9	0.00	274.04	0.00	7.17	281.21
A	Ch. 131E, Art. 6, Part E	0.00	17.36	0.00	0.10	17.46
A	Ch.689, Sec. 93, 1991 Session Laws	0.00	12.40	24.60	0.00	37.00
A	G.S. 90-101 to 103	[Funds not tracked separately; expenditures included in overall substance abuse administrative budget.]				
A	H.B. 1237 (1973) Chap. 627, 1973 Session Laws	4,748.72	2,428.89	465.90	0.00	7,643.51

Section IV: Health Care Policy, Regulation, Planning, and Training, *continued*

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Insurance</i>		
	Seniors' Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP)	Provides consultation to older citizens on Medicare, Medicare supplement, and long-term care insurance.
	<i>Financial Evaluation Division</i>	Licenses, regulates, and controls all Health Maintenance Organizations.
	<i>Life and Health Division</i>	Approves forms and rates for all regulated health insurance policies, including approval or disapproval of insurance company rates.
	<i>Market Conduct Division</i>	Monitors the market practices of HMOs and ensures that HMOs are using the proper forms and rates and meeting other standards such as staffing ratios.
<i>Department of Public Instruction</i>		
	<i>Division of Curriculum and Instruction</i>	
	<i>Healthful Living Section</i>	
	Nutrition Education and Training Program	Provides federal funding for nutrition education curricula for children.
<i>Department of State Treasurer</i>		
	Teachers, State Employees, and Retirees Comprehensive Major Medical Plan	Sets policy and oversees and administers the health plan for more than 438,000 state employees, retirees, teachers and dependents of these workers.
<i>University of North Carolina</i>		
	Allied Health Professional Programs	Two schools of allied health (East Carolina University and Western Carolina University) a Department of Medical Allied Health Professions located at UNC-Chapel-Hill, and various individual allied health programs at other campuses. Programs include clinical laboratory science, medical record administration, cytotechnology, occupational therapy, physical therapy, speech/language pathology and audiology, radiologic sciences, and rehabilitation counseling.
	School of Dentistry	One school of dentistry located at UNC-Chapel Hill.
	Schools of Medicine	Two schools of medicine responsible for educating physicians to meet the health care needs of the state and the nation. Schools consist of many different departments, including departments of pathology, family medicine, pediatrics, and medical allied health professionals. Schools are located at UNC-Chapel Hill and East Carolina University in Greenville.

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Key Code to Type of Program: Administration*.... A Prevention.... P Treatment.... T
**Includes general administrative, educational, training, regulatory, and other planning activities and programs.*

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1-June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
A	Ch. 143A, Art. 1&9	0.00	157.16	0.00	0.00	157.16
A	Ch. 58, Art. 67	0.00	2,024.57	0.00	0.00	2,024.57
A	Ch. 58	0.00	573.58	0.00	0.00	573.58
A	G.S. 58-2-131 -132	0.00	1,116.44	0.00	0.00	1,116.44
A	PL 101-147	0.00	0.00	171.58	0.00	171.58
	G.S. 135-37, - 135-40.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	507,000.00	507,000.00
A	G.S. 116-4	0.00	9,000.32	960.46	1,106.07	11,066.85
A	G.S. 116-4	Not App.	13,326.44	4,460.41	4,378.63	22,165.48
A	G.S. 116-4, G.S. 116-40.4	Not App.	101,471.47	72,458.27	157,302.47	331,232.21

Section IV: Health Care Policy, Regulation, Planning, and Training, *continued*

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>University of North Carolina, continued</i>		
	UNC School of Medicine Area Health Education Centers Program	Statewide network of nine centers which works in partnership with the university health science centers and the community. Provides education and training to meet health manpower needs by working in collaboration with educational and service institutions.
	Schools of Nursing	Nine schools of nursing in the state and several nursing programs.
	School of Pharmacy	One school of pharmacy located at UNC-Chapel Hill.
	School of Public Health	One school of public health located at UNC-Chapel Hill.
	<i>University of North Carolina Hospitals at Chapel Hill</i>	
		A multi-disciplined tertiary care facility. Primary teaching facility for schools of medicine and nursing at UNC-Chapel Hill. Also provides regional and statewide coordination of neonatal intensive care admissions, aeromedical transportation services, organ transportation, and cancer research and treatment.
TOTAL FOR HEALTH CARE POLICY, REGULATION, PLANNING, AND TRAINING:		

Section V: Boards and Commissions

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Independent Commission</i>		
	N.C. Institute of Medicine	Monitors and studies health matters.
<i>Department of Administration</i>		
	N.C. Alcoholism Research Authority	Researches the causes and effects of alcohol abuse and alcoholism, trains alcohol research personnel
<i>Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources</i>		
	Commission for Health Services	Adopts rules and regulations necessary for the promotion and protection of public health and disease control and for sanitary management.
	Governor's Council on Physical Fitness and Health	Promotes interest in physical fitness throughout the state and makes recommendations to the governor on coordinating physical fitness programs.

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Key Code to Type of Program: Administration*.... A Prevention.... P Treatment.... T
**Includes general administrative, educational, training, regulatory, and other planning activities and programs.*

Type of Program	Statutory or Regulatory Authority	Expenditures in NC FY 1990-91 (July 1-June 30) in 1000s				
		Local	State	Federal	Other	Total
A	G.S. 116-4	42,862.00	31,740.00	0.00	79.00	74,681.00
A	G.S. 116-4	0.00	14,018.44	2,855.70	1,569.35	18,443.49
A	G.S. 116-4	Not App.	4,393.96	420.22	2,056.04	6,870.22
A	G.S. 116-4	Not App.	11,696.79	12,755.19	11,322.11	35,774.10
P,T	G.S. 116-37	0.00	34,934.00	0.00	204,695.20	239,629.20
		[“Other” category is primarily inpatient and outpatient receipts, including Medicare and Medicaid reimbursements.]				
.....		49,160.50	285,108.52	107,293.45	891,431.43	1,332,993.90

Number of Members	Statutory or Regulatory Authority
100	S.B. 212 (1983) Ch. 923, Sec. 197, 1983 Session Laws
9	G.S. 122C-431
12	G.S. 130A-29
10	G.S. 143B-216.8

Section V: Boards and Commissions, *continued*

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources, continued</i>		
	Governor's Commission on Reduction of Infant Mortality	Plans and organizes at the local level to fight infant mortality. Advises state policymakers and identifies existing programs that can be used as models for other communities. Solicits and distributes funding from the private sector.
	Council on Sickle Cell Syndrome and Related Disorders	Assesses education needs and studies current programs treatment, rehabilitation, payment assistance, discrimination and research for sickle cell syndrome.
	Dental Public Health Residency Advisory Council	Advises the Residency Director on the organization and curriculum of the program and is involved with individual residents' plans and activities.
<i>Department of Human Resources</i>		
	Governor's Council on Alcohol and Other Drugs	Reviews current approaches to the substance abuse problem, makes recommendations regarding the implementation of programs, addresses identified needs in the community, and increases public awareness and involvement in combating substance abuse.
	Human Rights Committees for State Psychiatric Hospitals, Mental Retardation Centers, Alcohol and Drug Abuse Treatment Centers, N.C. Special Care Center, Wright School and Whitaker School	Provide additional safeguards for protecting the human, civil, legal, and treatment rights of residents in these facilities.
	Commission for the Blind	Adopts rules and regulations for the state's medical eye care, independent living, and rehabilitation programs for the blind and for compliance with requirements for federal grants in-aid.
	Emergency Medical Services Advisory Council	Advises the Secretary on emergency medical services system development and on the designation of trauma centers.
	Council for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing	Advises the state on the needs of hearing-impaired individuals and advocates for public services, health care, and educational opportunities.
	Governor's Task Force on Injury Prevention	Works to prevent injury from such causes as drowning, falls, poisoning, and fire.
	Medical Care Commission	Adopts rules on the regulation and licensing or certification of health facilities and services, including hospitals, hospices, free-standing outpatient surgical facilities, and nursing homes. Issues revenue bonds to finance construction and equipment purchases for nonprofit and public hospitals, nursing homes, continuing care facilities for the elderly, and related facilities.

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Number of Members	Statutory or Regulatory Authority
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29	Executive Order 99 (1989)
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15	G.S. 143B-188
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11	G.S. 130A-11
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20	Executive Order 23 (1986)
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10 each for hospitals and MR centers; 5 each for all other facilities	G.S. 122C-64
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11	G.S. 143B-157
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21	G.S. 143-510
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15	G.S. 143B -216.31
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	Executive Order 78 (1988)
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17	G.S.143B -165, -166
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Section V: Boards and Commissions, *continued*

Department	Division and Program	Responsibilities and Activities
<i>Department of Human Resources, continued</i>		
	N.C. State Health Coordinating Council	Prepares the State Medical Facilities Plan
	State Medical Care Advisory Commission	Advises the Division of Medical Assistance on Medicaid and makes policy recommendations to the division.
	Mental Health Study Commission	Develops and provides recommendations to General Assembly and Governor on implementation of long range plans for mental health, developmental disabilities, and substance abuse services, quality of services, and related support services.
	Commission for Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities and Substance Abuse Services	Adopts licensure and other rules for mental health, developmental disability, and substance abuse programs. Reviews Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities and Substance Abuse Services plans and advises the Secretary of Human Resources.
	Penalty Review Committee	Functions as an initial decision-making body for imposition of all administrative penalties imposed by the Division of Facility Services.
<i>Department of Insurance</i>		
	Medical DataBase Commission	Collects data on utilization, price, and quality of health care services from both health care providers and third-party payers. Collects hospital inpatient discharge data used for both statistical and descriptive analyses. Routinely distributes reports to the public and prepares special data compilations upon request.
<i>Department of Labor</i>		
	Safety and Health Review Board	Appointed by the Governor, the Board hears appeals of contested OSHA citations. Issues decisions in each case.
	Mine and Quarry Advisory Council	Assists the Commissioner of Labor in the development of safety and health standards for mines.
	State Advisory Council on Occupational Safety and Health	Advises the Commissioner of Labor on efforts to reduce the number of occupational safety and health hazards at the work place to provide safe and healthful working conditions.
	N.C. Board of Boiler and Pressure Vessel Rules	Proposes rules and regulations governing construction, installation, inspection, repair, alteration, use and operation of boilers and pressure vessels.
<i>Department of Public Instruction</i>		
	State School Health Advisory Commission	Provides an opportunity for citizen involvement in the development and operation of the State School Health Program and reports annually to State Board of Education.

Number of Members	Statutory or Regulatory Authority
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24	Executive Order 13 (1985) Executive Order 93 (1989)
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13	G.S. 142-1B
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24	Chapter 754 of 1991 Session Laws
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25	G.S. 143B-147 to 150
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9	G.S. 131D-34; G.S. 131E-29
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12	G.S. 131E-213
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3	G.S. 95-135
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11	G.S. 74-24.6
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11	G.S. 95-134
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9	G.S. 95-69.13
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12 2 ex-officio	G.S. 115C-81e
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Section VI: Examining and Licensing Boards

The examining and licensing boards relating to the health care professions have similar enabling legislation. Establish rules and regulations to ensure minimum standards of the profession to protect the public health, safety and welfare of the citizens of North Carolina. Examine, license, certify and serve as disciplinarians, as required.

Board of Chiropractic Examiners	G.S. 90-139
Board of Dental Examiners	G.S. 90-22
Hearing Aid Dealers and Fitters Board	G.S. 93D-3
Board of Medical Examiners	G.S. 90-2
Midwifery Joint Committee	G.S. 90-178.4
Board of Nursing	G.S. 90-171.19
Board of Nursing Home Administrators	G.S. 90-277
Board of Opticians	G.S. 90-238
Board of Optometry	G.S. 90-116
Board of Pharmacy	G.S. 90-85.6
NC Board of Physical Therapy Examiners	G.S. 90-270.24
Board of Podiatry Examiners	G.S. 90-202.4
Board of Sanitarian Examiners	G.S. 90A-50
Board of Speech and Language Pathologists and Audiologists	G.S. 90-303

“If it’s nose trouble you have, you’re sent to Paris: there they have an important specialist in nasal disorders. You go to Paris and he examines your nose. ‘I can only cure your right nostril,’ he tells you—‘I don’t want to have anything to do with your left nostril. It doesn’t fall within my area of specialization. But after you’ve been treated by me, you can go to Vienna. There you will find another specialist who will be able to treat your left nostril.’”

— FEODOR DOSTOEVSKI FROM *BROTHERS KARAMAZOV*

—continued from page 49

Statistics in the Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources. The state's Certificate of Need program, which issues Certificates of Need to regulate the construction of certain medical facilities or the purchase of certain equipment, comes under this category as well. The program is designed to control certain health care costs. Also falling under the rubric of policy, regulation, and planning are licensure programs for health care and domiciliary facilities.

The biggest sources of spending under policy, regulation, planning, and training, however, are the state employees' health plan, at \$507 million, and two state-funded schools of medicine at East Carolina University in Greenville and the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill. Together, the schools spent \$331.23 million in 1990-91. The University of North Carolina Hospitals at Chapel Hill represent the primary teaching facility for the schools of medicine and nursing at UNC-Chapel Hill. They also provide statewide coordination of neonatal intensive care admissions, aeromedical transportation services, organ transportation, and cancer research and treatment. In 1990-91, the hospitals had a budget of nearly \$240 million.

Two final areas of responsibility within the state's health care delivery apparatus are state boards and commissions with advocacy or policymaking functions and professional examining and licensing boards (see sections V and VI). Among the boards and commissions are the Medical Care Commission, which has a broad charge of regulating and licensing hospitals, nursing homes, and other health care facilities. The commission also issues tax-exempt revenue bonds to finance construction and equipment purchases.

Two other important bodies are: the Commission for Health Services, which adopts sanitation rules and rules to protect the public health and control disease; and the State Health Coordinating Council, which prepares the State Medical Facilities Plan with the Department of Human Resources. Licensing boards perform such functions as licensing chiropractors, dentists, and other health care providers.

Prevention, Treatment, Administration, or Something Else?

In soliciting information about state government programs dealing with health care, the Center asked administrators to consider whether

***"I was feelin' real depressed,
I was feelin' real low down.
I just felt so bad that I could
not get my butt up off the
ground."***

— GUY CLARK
"DOCTOR GOOD DOCTOR"

the primary purpose of their program was prevention of accident or illness, treatment, or administration.

Of 163 programs, the Center found 37 that could be classified primarily as prevention, 30 with the dominant purpose of treatment, and 35 that principally served an administrative role. Some 61 programs, however, defied this type of classification, and were noted as serving more than one function.

At least one respondent anticipated this kind of difficulty with classifying programs according to function. "Single program activities and responsibilities can concurrently be classified as prevention, treatment, and administration," says Dr. Georjean Stoodt, director of the Division of Adult Health in the Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources.

"For example, treating hypertension is preventing stroke. Treating obesity and inactivity is preventing hypertension. Dialyzing a patient with renal failure is preventing further disability or death. Thus, classifying a programs as prevention versus treatment depends on what is being prevented or treated for whom." □□

FOOTNOTES

¹ These figures have been adjusted to account for the fact that some program administrators were unable to separate Medicaid spending from total program spending.

² Figures for local spending and other spending sources likely are underestimated as they are not always tracked at the state level.

³ For more on policymaking in health-related areas, see: Bill Finger and Anne DeLaney, "From Cradle to Grave, Serving Persons with Disabilities," *North Carolina Insight*, Vol. 6, No. 2-3 (October 1983), pp. 8-27; Michael Matros and Roger Manus, "Services for Disabled Persons: From Institutions to Communities," *North Carolina Insight*, Vol. 7, No. 1 (June 1984), pp. 42-54; Cynthia Lambert and Bill Finger, "'Targeting' Older Persons for Services, an Overview of the 'Aging Network,'" *North Carolina Insight*, Vol. 8, No. 1 (September 1985), pp. 9-31; and Bill Finger and Jack Betts, "Who Makes Environmental Policy?" *North Carolina Insight*, Vol. 10, No. 2-3 (March 1988), pp. 10-39.